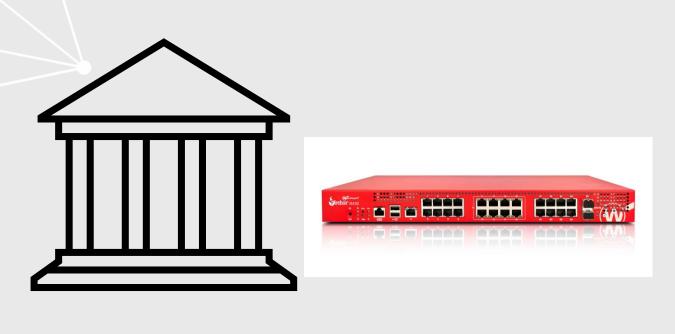


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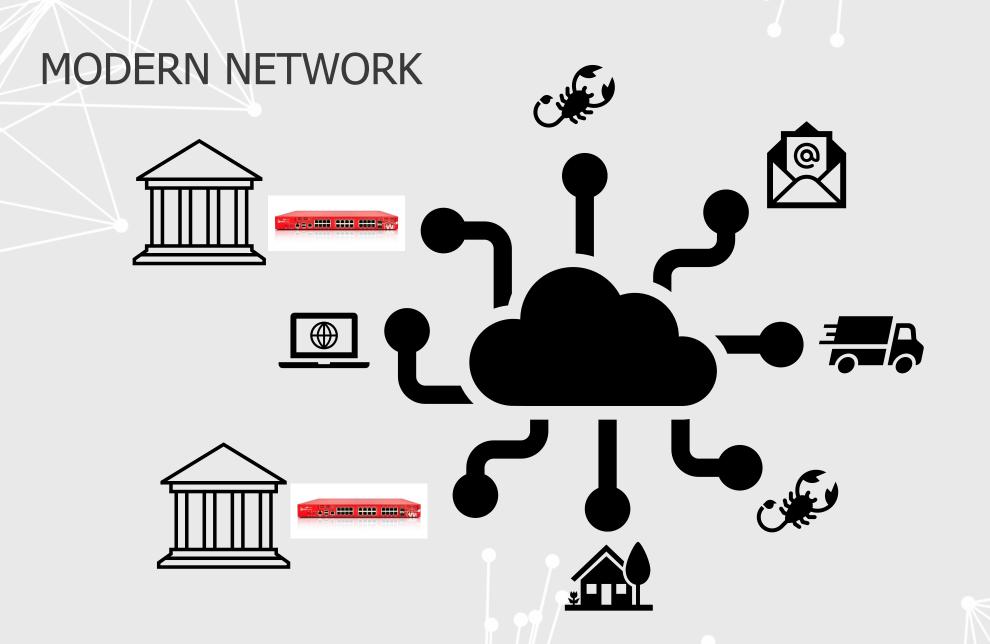
## **AGENDA**

- How Corporate Networks have changed The Attack Surface
- Sophistication Level of todays Hackers
- The always evolving "Security Stack"
- A typical hack timeline
- Mitigation Strategies
- Evolution of advanced techniques such as "XDR"

# TRADITIONAL NETWORK







## **HACKER TYPES - COMMON**

# Maturity Level 1

Opportunistically using a publicly available exploit

Any victim rather than a specific victim

Seeking common weaknesses in many Targets

Concentrates on the User rather than the entire Enterprise

# Maturity Level 2

Uses social engineering, phishing, weak passwords

Conservative with Time, Money and Effort to get a result

### Mitigation Strategies to Prevent Malware Delivery and Execution:

Essential	Application control to prevent execution of unapproved/malicious programs including .exe, DLL, scripts (e.g. W			
Essential	Patch applications (e.g. Flash, web browsers, Microsoft Office, Java and PDF viewers). Patch/mitigate computer			
Essential	Configure Microsoft Office macro settings to block macros from the internet, and only allow vetted macros eith			
Essential	User application hardening. Configure web browsers to block Flash (ideally uninstall it), ads and Java on the inte			
Excellent	Automated dynamic analysis of email and web content run in a sandbox, blocked if suspicious behaviour is ide			
Excellent	Email content filtering. Allow only approved attachment types (including in archives and nested archives). Analy			
Excellent	Web content filtering. Allow only approved types of web content and websites with good reputation ratings. Bl			
Excellent	Deny corporate computers direct internet connectivity. Use a gateway firewall to require use of a split DNS ser			
Excellent	Operating system generic exploit mitigation e.g. Data Execution Prevention (DEP), Address Space Layout Rando			
Very Good	Server application hardening especially internet-accessible web applications (sanitise input and use TLS not SSL			
Very Good	Operating system hardening (including for network devices) based on a Standard Operating Environment, disak			
Very Good	Antivirus software using heuristics and reputation ratings to check a file's prevalence and digital signature pric			
Very Good	Control removable storage media and connected devices. Block unapproved CD/DVD/USB storage media. Bloc			
Very Good	Block spoofed emails. Use Sender Policy Framework (SPF) or Sender ID to check incoming emails. Use 'hard fail'			
Good	User education. Avoid phishing emails (e.g. with links to login to fake websites), weak passphrases, passphrase			
Limited	Antivirus software with up-to-date signatures to identify malware, from a vendor that rapidly adds signatures			
Limited	TLS encryption between email servers to help prevent legitimate emails being intercepted and subsequently le			

### Mitigation Strategies to Prevent Malware Delivery and Execution:

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# Limited

# Antivirus software with up-to-date signatures

Limited

TLS encryption between email servers to help prevent legitimate emails being intercepted and subsequently le

## HACKER TYPES - SOPHISTICATED

### **Maturation Level 3**

Less reliant on public tools

Adjust and adapt to the weaknesses presented

Focused on particular targets

Willing and able to invest some effort into circumvention

# Objective:

Pivot to other parts of a network

Extend and Elevate Network Privileges

Create Persistency, Cover their tracks

# HACKER TIMELINE

#### **PLANNING**

- Target Selection
- Research
- · Attack Vector

### **ENUMERATION**

- Who Am I?
- · Where Am I?
- · Where Can I Go?
- · Who Do I Need To Be?

#### COMPLETE OBJECTIVE

- Steal IP
- Data Exfil
- Deploy Ransomware

90+ DAYS

Destroy Network

DAY1

- Spear-phishing
- · Insider Threat
- 0-day
- Exploit

INTRUSION

- To Steal Data
- To Establish Persistence
- To Hunt Users
- To Distribute Toolset/Malware

LATERAL SPREAD



# MITIGATION STRATEGIES

- Restrict Administrative privileges.
- Different Administrator / Sub-Administrator accounts.
- Patch operating systems.
- Multi-factor Authentication.
- Network segmentation.
- Block network traffic of known malicious command and control protocols.

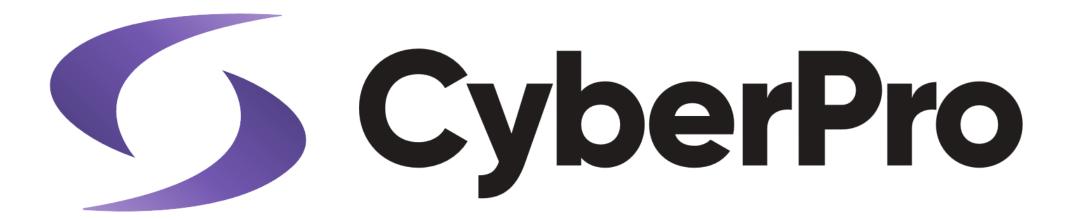
## LIMITING THE DAMAGE

- Sensitive or Archive data kept offline
- Immutable Storage for Backups and Original Data
- Data at rest should be Encrypted
- Time is of the essence to prevent lateral movement
- Extended Detection and Response "XDR"
  - Detecting footprints and door knocking as the perpetrator attempts to move laterally around the network.
  - Setup "Honey Pots" to trap malicious users
  - Time is of the essence detection and apprehend before the damage

# XDR "EXTENDED DETECTION AND RESPONSE"

- Infrastructure, Devices, Users, Privileges monitored
- Thousands of daily events aggregated and correlated
- Machine Learning (AI) sifts through the noise
- HIPAA, Essential Eight and CMMC Triggers
- Regular Penetration Testing
- Active Threat Hunting
- Honey Pots
- Daily Cyber Security Health check and audit







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